Toward Multiple Features Template Matching Based on Iris Image Recognition

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Abstract. In this paper we study one prison identification method based on iris image recognition to meet the real-time identification requirements for prison management. The identification method for online real-time acquisition personnel iris image using pre-processing algorithm to improve the quality of image for subsequent feature extraction. Moreover, we use the coarse-to-fine approach to precisely extract the iris information. We combine the edge extraction method and the connected domain characteristics of multistage denoising method to locate the inner and outer boundary. Finally we use image multiple features template matching method to recognize the iris information.

Keywords: Iris Recognition, Pre-processing, Prison Management System

1 Introduction

With the rapid development of electronic information and modern management, the demand for informazation and security management is growing urgently. According to the prison informazation this paper begins to study the requirements of the prison management system. At present there are several identification information management technologies. The popular methods include face recognition, fingerprint recognition and iris recognition. Iris recognition is one of the most promising biometric recognition method. It has several good features: high recognition rate, non contact and fraudulence proof. It has important application prospects because of high security and high accuracy [1, 2, 3]. But it is not widely applied in the prison for some reasons.

For the recognition and application of iris image, domestic and foreign scholars have studied related theories and methods. They have been used for the important place bank, airport, judicial departments and other security. But because of the influence of actual complex factors, iris recognition technology promotion and application in the field of prison informatization and modernization is restricted. We need the effective technology to meet the safety management of the prison system. Aiming at the urgent demand we should put forward the research of prison technology of identity recognition based on iris image recognition.

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2 Iris Localization

To determine the iris outer boundary and inner boundary, we must distinguish the boundary of the iris and sclera, the boundary of the iris and pupil in eye images.

2.1 Iris inner boundary localization

The inner boundary of the iris includes the limbus part at the junction of iris and pupil. The gray of iris inner boundary vary apparently. When the person does not blink the eyelash and eyelid occlusion trouble exists. The contrast of iris image is higher than other parts of the eye in the infrared illumination. The localization for the inner boundary of the iris is easy. Firstly we adopt the traditional edge detection method for iris inner boundary detection of image after pre-processing. Secondly we use the connected domain characteristics of multistage denoising approach to remove the eyelash, eyelid and other interfering parts of the eye. Thirdly we adopt the circle fitting approach based on the precise location of the inner iris boundary to locate the circle center. Finally we do the localization work of the iris inner boundary.

We use the Canny operator for iris boundary extraction. The Canny operator is used to extract the iris inner edge and it can preserve the iris inner edge well. And the detail characteristics are suitable for the follow-up precise localization.

2.1.1 Connected domain feature denoising

We extract the iris inner boundary data based on boundary detection of iris image. It is good to ensure the accuracy of the inner boundary location of the iris. We remove the background region inconsistent with the inner boundary character first. Then we highlight the iris inner boundary region. And we gradually reduce the interference of the background and highlight the iris inner boundary data with feature set filtering approach. We adopt area feature filtering method, distance feature filtering method, deburring algorithm to do the connected domain feature denoising.

2.1.2 Iris inner boundary localization

After feature set filtering, the iris inner edge has been accurately extracted. We use the method of circle fitting to get the center of inner boundary. Then we locate the iris inner boundary in the original iris image. Then we locate the inner boundary of iris image.
2.2 Iris outer boundary localization

The outer boundary of iris includes the sclera limbus edge and a part of the iris. The edge is unclear and the part of the transition band is wide. At the same time, it is hard to get the accurate outer iris boundary with the interference of eyelids and eyelashes. It is difficult to extract the iris outer boundary features because they are fuzzy. But it is easy to distinguish the iris and sclera for the reason of the obvious contrast. And we use one segmentation method which combines OTSU and the contrast to discern between the iris and sclera in the first step. We adopt the LOG operator to extract the weak iris outer boundary data in the next step. Then the features set filtering approach is used to cut off the interference outside the region of iris outer boundary. The last step is to achieve the localization of the iris outer boundary.

3 Iris Template Matching Method

Matching is the process of calculating the degree of similarity between the input test image and training image from database. At present, there are several excellent iris recognition matching algorithm as below:

(1) The classic method based on texture analysis;
(2) The method based on phase analysis;
(3) The method based on zero-crossing detection;
(4) The method based on image matching.

In this paper, we use the method based on image matching. We calculate the similarity between the iris image acquisition part and the template in the template library. The template image of maximum similarity is the recognition result. If the maximum similarity is very small, it means that the acquisition of iris image is for the new employees. We need to do the manual confirmation of iris image acquisition for new employees. The new iris image can be added to the template library. Similarly, we can also delete the unused personnel iris image. For the final similarity character, the correlation function for identifying image and the template image, the calculation formula is as below:

\[
R_i = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^{M} \sum_{y=1}^{N} F(x, y) \times T_i(x, y)}{\sqrt{\sum_{x=1}^{M} \sum_{y=1}^{N} [F(x, y)]^2 \sum_{x=1}^{M} \sum_{y=1}^{N} [T_i(x, y)]^2}}
\]

\(i \in [1, J], \quad x \in [1, M], \quad y \in [1, N]\)

Among them, \(F(x, y)\) represents the collected iris image to be recognized. \(T_i(x, y)\) represents the template image. \(J\) is iris template number. \(M\) is for iris image row and \(N\) is for iris image column. \(R_i\) represents the similarity acquisition image and
When the recognition of iris image and template image matching, the similarity value is greater. At the same time, because the template matching algorithm of iris recognition time and template library is directly related to the size, in order to improve the recognition time and accelerate the response, this paper proposes classification of template library, according to the different kinds of designs different template library, and all kinds of templates are representative. The number of them should not be too much to improve the iris recognition speed from the strategy.

4 Conclusion

This paper presents the study of prison technology of identity recognition based on iris image recognition. The iris recognition technology is suitable for the application of prison management system. We use the coarse-to-fine location method to make up the image defect and remove the interference. And we can accurately extract the iris information. Finally we use the template matching method to meet the fast, real-time requirements of the prison management application.

References